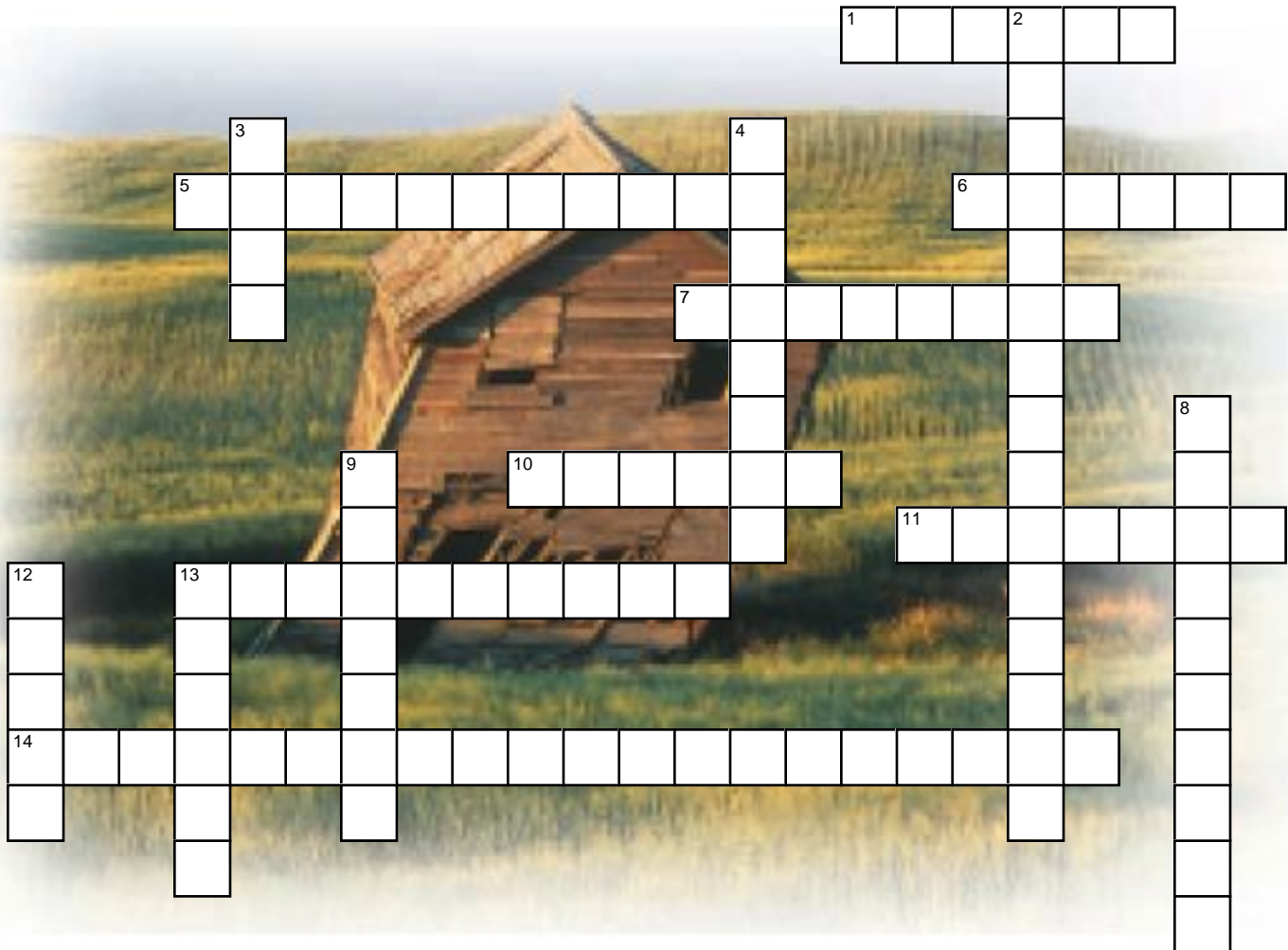


# 5.1 Stabilizing Structures



## Across

1. Unbalanced \_\_\_\_\_ can cause stress and fatigue in structures.
5. Three dimensional triangular prisms and pyramid shapes are stronger than three dimensional \_\_\_\_\_ prisms.
6. You might have seen a bookcase shelf that sags in the middle. The sag indicates that the structure is under \_\_\_\_\_.
7. A structure is stable if the forces acting on it are \_\_\_\_\_.
10. When the flaws in a new product are serious, manufacturers use a product \_\_\_\_\_.
11. \_\_\_\_\_, or box beams, are long beams in the shape of hollow rectangular prisms.
13. A \_\_\_\_\_ is a beam that is supported only at one end.
14. Arches, beams and columns are used over and over again in building design because these \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ can add strength.

## Down

2. Can you balance a ruler on one finger? The only point at which this could happen is the exact middle of the ruler. This point is called the \_\_\_\_\_.
3. A \_\_\_\_\_ is a flat structure that is supported at each end.
4. The \_\_\_\_\_ is a very strong shape and it is found in many structures.
8. When a sheet of metal or cardboard is shaped into a series of pleats or triangles it is called \_\_\_\_\_ metal or cardboard.
9. The old house in this background photograph indicates structural \_\_\_\_\_. However, it may take several more wind storms before it fails completely.
12. A \_\_\_\_\_ is a framework of beams joined together. It is usually in the form of interlocking triangles.
13. A \_\_\_\_\_ is a solid structure that can stand by itself.